

General Policy And Responsibilities

Issue Date:

Authority: 32 CFR 199

1.0 PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

TRICARE is the Department of Defense's (DoD) managed health care program for Active Duty Service Members (ADSMs), service families, retirees and their families and survivors. TRICARE is a blend of the military's Direct Care (DC) system of hospitals and clinics and the Civilian Health and Medical Program of the Uniformed Services (CHAMPUS). A key feature of the DoD's managed care implementation is the creation within the United States of three Health Services Regions. Within each region, a TRICARE Regional Director (RD) is responsible for managing health care services in the region.

2.0 OFFICE OF RECORD

The Medical Benefits and Reimbursement Branch (MB&RB) is the "office of record" for the TRICARE Policy Manual (TPM) and TRICARE Reimbursement Manual (TRM). In accordance with Federal Acquisition Regulations (FAR), Subpart 37.203, contractors cannot make policy decisions, as this is an inherent government function. Consistent with Subpart 7.503, the Office of MB&RB has the responsibility for ensuring that all medical benefits considered for cost-sharing under TRICARE are supported by scientific peer reviewed literature and within the constraints of the law and regulation. These responsibilities include promulgating policy interpretations and maintaining continuous regulatory and policy updates based on congressional mandate and the current standards of medical care.

3.0 GENERAL POLICY

3.1 TRICARE offers beneficiaries three health care options:

3.1.1 TRICARE Prime Plan

Beneficiaries who enroll in TRICARE Prime are assigned or select a Primary Care Manager (PCM). A PCM is a provider of primary care, who furnishes or arranges for all health care services required by the Prime enrollee. Military Treatment Facility (MTF) Commanders have the authority and responsibility to set priorities for enrollment to MTF PCMs. When MTF's primary care capacity is full, civilian PCMs, who are all part of the contractor's network, are available to provide care to patients.

3.1.1.1 Expanded benefits. As enrollees of Prime, patients receive certain clinical preventive services that are provided without cost-share for the patient.

TRICARE Policy Manual 6010.57-M, February 1, 2008

Chapter 1, Section 1.1

General Policy And Responsibilities

3.1.1.2 Reduced cost. Prime enrollees' cost-share for civilian services is substantially reduced from that which is applicable under TRICARE Extra and TRICARE Standard. In addition, when a TRICARE Prime enrollee is referred to a non-participating provider, the enrollee is only responsible for the copayment amount, but not for any balance billing amount by the non-participating provider.

3.1.2 TRICARE Extra Plan

Beneficiaries who do not enroll in Prime may still benefit from using the providers in the contractor's network where possible. On a case by case basis, beneficiaries may participate in TRICARE Extra by receiving care from a network provider. The beneficiary will take advantage of the reduced charges under Extra and a reduction in cost-shares. Covered services are the same as under TRICARE Standard.

3.1.3 TRICARE Standard Plan

The TRICARE Standard plan is identical to the CHAMPUS fee for service program. Its benefits and costs are unchanged from the CHAMPUS program.

3.2 Eligibility for TRICARE

3.2.1 Active Duty Eligibility

All active duty members are considered TRICARE Prime. They must, however, take action to be enrolled in Prime, and be assigned to a PCM (see the TRICARE Operations Manual (TOM) for PCM provisions under the TRICARE Prime Remote (TPR) program).

3.2.2 Non-Active Duty Eligibility

All individuals entitled to civilian health care under Sections 1079 or 1086 or Title 10, Chapter 55, United States Code, are eligible for TRICARE. These non-active duty individuals, commonly referred to as "TRICARE eligibles", include the spouse and children of active duty personnel, retirees and their spouses and children, and survivors.

Note: This group also includes former spouses as defined in Section 1072(2), of Title 10, Chapter 55, United States Code (USC). Not included are those individuals who are entitled to care in the DC system but ordinarily are not entitled to civilian care, such as family member parents and parents-in-law.

3.2.3 TRICARE For Life (TFL)

Pursuant to Section 712 of the National Defense Authorization Act for FY 2001, Medicare eligible beneficiaries based on age, whose TRICARE eligibility is determined by 10 USC Section 1086, are eligible for Medicare Part A, and those who are enrolled in Medicare Part B, are eligible for the TRICARE benefit effective October 1, 2001. These beneficiaries are not eligible to enroll in TRICARE Prime.

3.2.4 Supplemental Health Care Program (SHCP) and TPR Program

See the TOM, [Chapters 16](#) and [17](#).

3.2.5 Non-DoD TRICARE Eligibles

TRICARE eligibles sponsored by non-DoD uniformed services (the Public Health Service (PHS), the United States Coast Guard, and the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA)) are eligible for TRICARE and may enroll in TRICARE Prime.

3.2.6 North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) Beneficiaries

Family members of active duty members of the armed forces of foreign NATO nations who are eligible for outpatient care under TRICARE may access care under TRICARE Extra and TRICARE Standard only. They are not eligible to enroll in TRICARE Prime.

3.2.7 Prime Enrollment

Eligible beneficiaries must enroll in Prime to receive the expanded benefits and special cost-sharing. All active duty and non-active duty individuals who wish to take advantage of the full benefits of the Prime program and have their claims adjudicated correctly must take specific action to enroll.

Note: Included in all of the TRICARE benefit packages is a retail pharmacy network and a mail service pharmacy program.

3.3 Administrative Policy

3.3.1 Benefit Policy

3.3.1.1 Benefit policy applies to the scope of services and items which may be considered for cost-sharing by the TRICARE within the intent of the 32 CFR 199.

3.3.1.2 The current edition of the American Medical Association's (AMA's) **Physicians' Current Procedural Terminology** (CPT) is incorporated by reference into this Manual to describe the scope of services potentially allowable as a benefit, subject to explicit requirements, limitations, and exclusions, in this Manual or in the 32 CFR 199.

3.3.1.3 Procedures listed in the CPT and the **Healthcare** Common Procedure Coding System (HCPCS) may be cost-shared only when the procedure is "appropriate medical care" and is "medically or psychologically necessary" and is not "unproven" as defined in the [32 CFR 199.4\(g\)\(15\)](#), and the procedure is not explicitly excluded in the TRICARE program.

3.3.2 Program Policy

Program Policy applies to beneficiary eligibility, provider eligibility, claims adjudication, and quality assurance. Program policy implementation instructions are found in the TRICARE Systems Manual (TSM) and the TOM.

3.3.3 Any benefit or program administration issue for which benefits or program operation policy guidance is required, or when TRICARE policy is silent on an issue, the contractor is required to describe in writing and submit to the Chief, **MB&RB**, TRICARE Management Activity (TMA), 16401 East Centretech Parkway, Aurora, CO 80011-9066.

3.3.4 Reimbursement Policy

3.3.4.1 Reimbursement policy sets forth the payment procedures used for reimbursing TRICARE claims. The related implementation instructions for these payment procedures are found in the TSM and the TOM.

3.3.4.2 The TRM provides the methodology for pricing allowable services and items and for payment to specific categories and types of authorized allowable services and items and for payment to specific categories and types of authorized providers. These methods allow the contractor to price and render payment for specific examples of services or items which are not explicitly addressed in the Manual but which belong to a general category or type which is addressed in the Manual.

3.4 Administrative and Effective Dates

3.4.1 Issuance Date

The date located on the first page of each separate policy issuance. This is the date that the issuance was initially issued by TMA.

3.4.2 Revision Date

The revision date is at the bottom of each page that has been revised along with the change number. This is the date that TMA changed the issuance in any way. Each time an issuance is changed, the revised page and/or issuance is given a change number. The revision date and the change number together identify a unique version of the issuance on a specific subject.

3.4.3 Effective Date

A date within the body of the text of an issuance which establishes the specific date that a policy is to be applied to benefit adjudication or in program administration. An effective date may be earlier than the issuance or revision date. This date is explicit (e.g., Effective Date: January 1, 1998). The policy effective date takes precedence over the issuance date and the revision date. In the absence of an effective date the policy or instruction is considered to have always been applicable because the newly published policy or instruction confirms the application of existing published program requirements.

3.4.4 Implementation Date

The implementation date of a policy or instruction is not noted in the issuance as this date is determined by the terms of the contract modification between TMA and the contractor. Unless otherwise directed by TMA, contractors are not to identify finalized claims for readjudication under revised or new policy. However, the contractor shall readjudicate any denied claim affected by the policy that is brought to the contractor's attention by any source. Pending claims and denied

claims in reconsideration shall be adjudicated using the current applicable policy.

4.0 GENERAL RESPONSIBILITIES

4.1 Regional Director (RD)

The RD, working with all the MTFs within the region, is responsible for organizing and managing health care delivery for all TRICARE and the Military Health System (MHS) beneficiaries in the region. Supporting the RD is a Managed Care Support Contractor (MCSC) with responsibility for establishing a network of health care providers to supplement the care available at the MTFs and for performing a variety of health care administrative services on behalf of the RD. RDs are also responsible for planning and delivering services to meet the health needs of the beneficiaries in the region, whether through the MTFs or the contractor. The RD is primarily responsible for oversight and administration of those tasks in the MCS contract that relate to the delivery and management of care.

4.2 Military Treatment Facility (MTF) Commanders

MTF Commanders are responsible for managing health care delivery for the active duty personnel and TRICARE eligibles who are enrolled in Prime with MTF PCMs, as well as for providing care to other TRICARE and the MHS beneficiaries who are eligible for care in MTFs. The MTF Commander sets priorities for assignment of MTF PCMs and works directly with the contractor in network development, resource sharing arrangements and similar local initiatives (see the TOM, [Chapter 17](#) for SHCP).

4.3 Managed Care Support Contractor (MCSC)

The MCSC is responsible for establishing provider networks in those Prime Service Areas (PSAs) and BRAC sites designated by the TRICARE RD. The provider networks must include both primary care providers and specialists. The contractor shall ensure that first priority for referral of Prime enrollees for specialty care or inpatient care is the MTF. The contractor processes all Prime, Extra, and Standard claims for all beneficiaries, except for TRICARE for Life (TFL), who reside in the Region and performs other tasks specified in the contracts and the manuals. The contractor has a number of responsibilities for support of the RD as well as the MTF.

4.4 TRICARE Dual Eligible Fiscal Intermediary Contractor (TDEFIC)

The TDEFIC is responsible for processing all TRICARE claims for services rendered within the fifty United States and the District of Columbia, as well as Puerto Rico, Guam, the U.S. Virgin Islands, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands, to individuals who have dual eligibility under both TRICARE and Medicare.

4.5 Administrative Personnel

The Procurement Contracting Officer (PCO) and the Contracting Officer's Representative (COR) are TMA personnel who oversee the functions of the MCS contract, with special emphasis in areas such as claims processing, and who coordinate contract oversight and administration among the variety of TRICARE Regional Office staff. The PCO is the sole authority for directing the contractor or modifying provisions of the contract (some of this authority may be delegated to the

ACO at the Office of the RD).

4.6 Assistant Secretary of Defense (Health Affairs) (ASD(HA))

Overall policy for TRICARE is established by the ASD(HA).

5.0 GEOGRAPHIC AVAILABILITY

5.1 TRICARE is effective throughout the United States. TRICARE Overseas Program (TOP) Regions are established but operate under different procedures than TRICARE in the United States.

5.2 Within a region, the contractor is required to create a provider network to support PSAs.

5.3 The contractor is encouraged to establish a provider network **sufficient to support offering TRICARE Extra** in as many non-PSAs as patient population (including enrollees in the TPR Program) and provider availability make cost effective.

- END -