

RARE DISEASES

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AUTHORITY: 32 CFR 199.2(b) and 32 CFR 199.4(g)(15)

I. DESCRIPTION

TRICARE defines a rare disease as any disease or condition that affects less than 200,000 persons in the United States.

II. POLICY

A. Coverage for treatment of rare diseases may be considered on a case-by-case basis. Case-by-case review is not required for drugs, devices, medical treatments, and procedures that have already been established as safe and effective for treatment of rare diseases.

B. In reviewing the case, any or all of the following sources may be used to determine if the proposed benefit is considered safe and effective.

1. Trials published in refereed medical literature.
2. Formal technology assessments.
3. National medical policy organization positions.
4. National professional associations.
5. National expert opinion organizations.

C. If case review indicates that the proposed benefit for a rare disease is safe and effective for that disease, benefits may be allowed. If benefits are denied, an appropriate appealing party may request an appeal.

D. Off-label use of rituximab may be considered for cost-sharing for the treatment of recurrent nodular CD20 positive lymphocyte predominant Hodgkin's disease. The effective date is January 1, 2003.

E. Off-label use of rituximab may be considered for cost-sharing in reducing proteinuria for the treatment of Immunoglobulin A (IgA) nephropathy (proliferative glomerulonephritis). The effective date is May 1, 2007.

TRICARE POLICY MANUAL 6010.54-M, AUGUST 1, 2002

CHAPTER 1, SECTION 3.1

RARE DISEASES

F. Effective May 13, 2009, Intraperitoneal Hyperthermic Chemotherapy (IPHC) (CPT¹ procedure codes 77600, 77605, and 96445) in conjunction with cytoreductive surgery or peritonectomy for treatment of pseudomyxoma peritonei resulting from appendiceal carcinoma may be covered on a case-by-case basis for adult patients when all of the following criteria are met:

1. There is no evidence of distant metastasis.
2. There is evidence of low histological aggressiveness of the disease.
3. The patient has not undergone preoperative systemic chemotherapy.
4. The patient's condition does not preclude major surgery.
5. The chemotherapeutic agents used are Mitomycin C, Cisplatin (also known as Cisplatinum), or Fluorouracil.

G. External Infusion Pumps (EIPs) for insulin may be considered for cost-sharing when the diagnosis is Cystic Fibrosis-Related Diabetes (CFRD) with fasting hyperglycemia. See Chapter 8, Section 2.3 for policy regarding EIPs. Effective January 21, 2009.

III. EXCLUSION

Intracranial angioplasty with stenting (CPT¹ procedure code 61635) of the venous sinuses for treatment of pseudotumor cerebri (also known as idiopathic intracranial hypertension and benign intracranial hypertension) is unproven.

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