

Cardiovascular System

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1.0 CPT¹ PROCEDURE CODES

33010 - 33130, 33140, 33141, 33200 - 37183, 37195 - 37785, 92950 - 93272, 93303 - 93581, 93600 - 93745, 93770, 93797 - 93799

2.0 DESCRIPTION

The cardiovascular system involves the heart and blood vessels, by which blood is pumped and circulated through the body.

3.0 POLICY

3.1 Medically necessary services and supplies required in the diagnosis and treatment of illness or injury involving the cardiovascular system are covered.

3.2 Ventricular Assist Devices (VADs) (external and implantable) are covered if the device is U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved and used in accordance with FDA approved indications. VADs as destination therapy (CPT¹ procedure code 33979) are covered if they have received approval from the FDA for that purpose and are used according to the FDA approved labeling instructions. Benefits are authorized when the procedure is performed at a TRICARE-certified heart transplantation center, a TRICARE-certified pediatric consortium heart transplantation center, or a Medicare facility which is approved for VAD implantation as destination therapy, for patients who meet all of the following conditions:

3.2.1 The patient has chronic end-stage heart failure (New York Heart Association Class IV end-stage left ventricular failure for at least 90 days with a life expectancy of less than two years).

3.2.2 The patient is not a candidate for heart transplantation.

3.2.3 The patient's Class IV heart failure symptoms have failed to respond to optimal medical management, including a dietary salt restriction, diuretics, digitalis, beta-blockers, and ACE inhibitors (if tolerated) for at least 60 of the last 90 days.

3.2.4 The patient has Left Ventricular Ejection Fraction (LVEF) less than 25%.

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3.2.5 The patient has demonstrated functional limitation with a peak oxygen consumption of less than 12 ml/kg/min; or the patient has a continued need for intravenous inotropic therapy owing to symptomatic hypotension, decreasing renal function, or worsening pulmonary congestion.

3.2.6 The patient has the appropriate body size (by device per FDA labeling) to support the VAD implantation.

3.3 Gamma and beta intracoronary radiotherapy (brachytherapy) is covered for the treatment of in-stent restenosis in native coronary arteries.

3.4 Transmyocardial Revascularization (TMR) (CPT² procedures codes 33140 and 33141).

3.4.1 Coverage is available for patients with stable class III or IV angina which has been found refractory to standard medical therapy, including drug therapy at the maximum tolerated or maximum safe dosages. In addition, the angina symptoms must be caused by areas of the heart not amenable to surgical therapies such as percutaneous transluminal coronary angioplasty, stenting, coronary atherectomy or coronary bypass.

3.4.2 Coverage is limited to those uses of the laser used in performing the procedure which have been approved by the FDA for the purpose for which they are being used.

3.5 TMR as an adjunct to Coronary Artery Bypass Graft (CABG) is covered for patients with documented areas of the myocardium that are not amenable to surgical revascularization due to unsuitable anatomy.

3.6 FDA approved IDE clinical trials. See [Chapter 8, Section 5.1, paragraphs 2.4 and 2.5](#) for policy.

3.7 Endovenous radiofrequency ablation/obliteration (CPT² procedure codes 36475 and 36476) for the treatment of saphenous venous reflux with symptomatic varicose veins is covered when:

3.7.1 One of the following indications is present:

3.7.1.1 Persistent symptoms interfering with activities of daily living in spite of conservative/non-surgical management. Symptoms include aching, cramping, burning, itching and/or swelling during activity or after prolonged standing.

3.7.1.2 Significant recurrent attacks of superficial phlebitis.

3.7.1.3 Hemorrhage from a ruptured varix.

3.7.1.4 Ulceration from venous stasis where incompetent varices are a contributing factor.

3.7.1.5 Symptomatic incompetence of the great or small saphenous veins (symptoms as in [paragraph 3.7.1.1](#)).

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3.7.2 A trial of conservative, non-operative treatment has failed. This would include mild exercise, avoidance of prolonged immobility, periodic elevation of legs, and compressive stockings.

3.7.3 The patient's anatomy is amenable to endovenous ablation.

3.8 Ambulatory Blood Pressure Monitoring (ABPM) is only covered for beneficiaries with suspected white coat hypertension and is NOT covered for any other uses. The information obtained by ABPM is necessary in order to determine the appropriate medical management of the beneficiary. Suspected white coat hypertension is considered to exist when the following is documented:

3.8.1 There is no evidence of end-organ damage;

3.8.2 Office blood pressure greater than 140/90 mm Hg on at least three separate clinic/office visits with two separate measurements made at each visit; and

3.8.3 At least two blood pressure measurements taken outside the office which are less than 140/90 mm Hg.

4.0 EXCLUSIONS

4.1 Thermogram; cephalic (CPT³ procedure code 93760); peripheral (CPT³ procedure code 93762) are unproven.

4.2 Percutaneous Myocardial Laser Revascularization (PMR) is unproven.

4.3 Cardiomyoplasty (Cardiac Wrap) for treatment of heart failure is unproven.

4.4 Minimally Invasive CABG surgery to include Minimally Invasive Direct Coronary Artery Bypass (MIDCAB) and Port Access Coronary Artery Bypass (PACAB) are unproven.

4.5 Percutaneous Transluminal Angioplasty (PTA) in the treatment of obstructive lesions of the carotid, vertebral and cerebral arteries is unproven.

4.6 Signal-Average Electrocardiography (CPT³ procedure code 93278) is unproven.

4.7 Primary percutaneous transluminal mechanical thrombectomy (CPT³ procedure code 37184) with or without second and all subsequent vessel(s) with the same vascular family (CPT³ procedure code 37185) is unproven.

4.8 Secondary percutaneous transluminal thrombectomy (CPT³ procedure code 37186) is unproven.

4.9 Percutaneous transluminal mechanical thrombectomy vein(s) including intraprocedural pharmacological thrombolytic injections and fluroscopic guidance (CPT³ procedure code 37187) is unproven.

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4.10 Percutaneous transluminal mechanical thrombectomy, vein(s) including intraprocedural pharmacological thrombolytic injections and fluroscopic guidance, repeat treatment on subsequent day during course of thrombolytic therapy (CPT⁴ procedure code 37188) is unproven.

4.11 Pulmonary vein antrum isolation/ablation for treatment of atrial fibrillation is unproven.

5.0 EFFECTIVE DATES

5.1 March 1, 2001, for gamma and beta intracoronary radiotherapy (brachytherapy).

5.2 January 1, 2002, for TMR.

5.3 October 1, 2003, for ventricular assist devices as destination therapy.

5.4 December 1, 2003, for endovenous radiofrequency ablation/obliteration.

5.5 January 1, 2005, for ABPM.

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